AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

STILLWATER SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, PAYNE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

JUNE 30, 2021



INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16 PAYNE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA JUNE 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16 PAYNE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2021

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JENKINS & KEMPER Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

JACK JENKINS, CPA MICHAEL KEMPER, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of Education Stillwater School District No. I-16 Stillwater, Oklahoma 74074

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis of Stillwater School District No. I-16, Stillwater, Oklahoma (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education as described in Note 1, to meet the financial reporting requirements of the State of Oklahoma. This includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our modified audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the Stillwater School District No. I-16, on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States generally accepted in the United States of America, although reasonably determined, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because the significance of the matter discussed in the previous paragraph, the basic financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Stillwater School District No. I-16, Payne County, Oklahoma as of June 30, 2021, or the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

The financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed assets account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the preceding paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balances arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District as of June 30, 2021, and the revenues collected and expenditures paid and encumbered, of each fund type, for the year then ended, on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining fund statements, regulatory basis, listed in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purpose of additional analysis, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements-regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements-regulatory basis and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated December 17, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Jenkons & Kumper, CPAS P.C.

Jenkins & Kemper Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

December 17, 2021

COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, PAYNE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES -REGULATORY BASIS - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS	GENERAL	GOVERNMENT SPECIAL REVENUE	TAL FUND TYPES DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES EXPENDABLE TRUST AND AGENCY FUND	ACCOUNT GROUP GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT	TOTALS (MEMO ONLY)
Cash	\$ 11,730,903	2,813,922	(110,609)	4,703,637	822,727		19,960,580
Investments			5,500,000	3,000,000			8,500,000
Amounts available in debt service						768,768	768,768
Amounts to be provided for retirement of general long-term debt						75,978,471	75,978,471
Total Assets	11,730,903	2,813,922	5,389,391	7,703,637	822,727	76,747,239	105,207,819
i otal i issois		2,010,022	0,000,001	1,100,007		10,141,200	100,207,010
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities							
Warrants payable	1,381,878	115,446		24,065			1,521,389
Encumbrances	5,376,714	319,259		1,844,859			7,540,832
Funds held for school organizations					822,727		822,727
Unmatured obligations			4,620,623				4,620,623
Long-term debt:							
Bonds payable						48,180,000	48,180,000
Capital leases					·	28,567,239	28,567,239
Total liabilities	6,758,592	434,705	4,620,623	1,868,924	822,727	76,747,239	91,252,810
Fund balances							
Restricted for:							
Capital projects				5,834,713			5,834,713
Debt service			768,768				768,768
Child nutrition		617,954					617,954
Building		1,761,263					1,761,263
Unassigned	4,972,311						4,972,311
Total fund balances	4,972,311	2,379,217	768,768	5,834,713			13,955,009
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 11,730,903	2,813,922	5,389,391	7,703,637	822,727	76,747,239	105,207,819

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, PAYNE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES REGULATORY BASIS - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES JUNE 30, 2021

		GOVERNMENTA	L FUND TYPES		
		SPECIAL	DEBT	CAPITAL	TOTALS
	GENERAL	REVENUE	SERVICE	PROJECTS	(MEMO ONLY)
Revenues					
Local sources	\$ 17,302,599	2,702,592	11,244,534	204,413	31,454,138
Intermediate sources	2,554,995				2,554,995
State sources	21,990,332	546,765	2,738		22,539,835
Federal sources	5,043,508	1,551,411			6,594,919
Non-revenue receipts	82,263	925	256,262		339,450
Total revenues	46,973,697	4,801,693	11,503,534	204,413	63,483,337
Expenditures					
Instruction	28,786,483	7,392		550,654	29,344,529
Support services	17,614,254	2,439,974		3,186,425	23,240,653
Operation of non-instructional services	77,585	2,117,014			2,194,599
Facilities, acquisition and const. services	126	269,830		15,222,418	15,492,374
Other outlays	99,792	81,986			181,778
Debt service			11,301,331		11,301,331
Total expenditures	46,578,240	4,916,196	11,301,331	18,959,497	81,755,264
Revenues over (under) expenditures	395,457	(114,503)	202,203	(18,755,084)	(18,271,927)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Lapsed appropriations	115,381	243,168		963,000	1,321,549
Estopped warrants	1,208	. 24		49	1,281
Bond proceeds	······································			12,875,475	12,875,475
Total other financing sources (uses)	116,589	243,192		13,838,524	14,198,305
Pavenue and other sources over (under)					
Revenue and other sources over (under)	512 046	129 690	202 202	(4,916,560)	(4,073,622)
expenditures and other uses	512,046	128,689	202,203	(4,916,560)	(4,073,622)
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	4,460,265	2,250,528	566,565	10,751,273	18,028,631
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$ 4,972,311	2,379,217	768,768	5,834,713	13,955,009
	Charles and a				

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, PAYNE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -REGULATORY BASIS - BUDGETED GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2021

	GENERAL FUND				
		DRIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	
Revenues					
Local sources	\$	15,213,533	15,213,533	17,302,599	
Intermediate sources		2,094,167	2,094,167	2,554,995	
State sources		22,978,395	22,978,395	21,990,332	
Federal sources		4,052,584	4,052,584	5,043,508	
Non-revenue receipts				82,263	
Total revenues		44,338,679	44,338,679	46,973,697	
Expenditures					
Instruction		31,358,311	31,358,311	28,786,483	
Support services		17,010,750	17,010,750	17,614,254	
Operation of non-instructional services		151,775	151,775	77,585	
Facilities, acquisition and const. services		17.534 90 . 277 9.5938	State School St. State	126	
Other outlays		278,108	278,108	99,792	
Total expenditures		48,798,944	48,798,944	46,578,240	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(4,460,265)	(4,460,265)	395,457	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Lapsed appropriations				115,381	
Estopped warrants				1,208	
Total other financing sources (uses)			- -	116,589	
Revenue and other sources over (under)			-1		
expenditures and other uses		(4,460,265)	(4,460,265)	512,046	
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		4,460,265	4,460,265	4,460,265	
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$		107	4,972,311	

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, PAYNE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -REGULATORY BASIS - ALL BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS			
		DRIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Revenues				
Local sources	\$	2,760,518	2,760,518	2,702,592
State sources		322,901	322,901	546,765
Federal sources		1,868,919	1,868,919	1,551,411
Non-revenue receipts				925
Total revenues		4,952,338	4,952,338	4,801,693
Expenditures				
Instruction				7,392
Support services		3,376,318	3,376,318	2,439,974
Operation of non-instructional services		2,007,521	2,007,521	2,117,014
Facilities, acquisition and const. services		269,830	269,830	269,830
Other outlays		81,986	81,986	81,986
Non-categorical		1,467,211	1,467,211	
Total expenditures		7,202,866	7,202,866	4,916,196
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(2,250,528)	(2,250,528)	(114,503)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Lapsed appropriations				243,168
Estopped warrants				24
Total other financing sources (uses)				243,192
Revenue and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		(2,250,528)	(2,250,528)	128,689
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		2,250,528	2,250,528	2,250,528
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	ک	<u>∎</u> 1 2	2,379,217

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, PAYNE COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -REGULATORY BASIS - DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	DEBT SERVICE FUND				
	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	
Revenues					
Local sources	\$	10,734,765	10,734,765	11,244,534	
State sources				2,738	
Non-revenue receipts			·	256,262	
Total revenues		10,734,765	10,734,765	11,503,534	
Expenditures Other outlays Debt service		11,301,330	11,301,330	11,301,331	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(566,565)	(566,565)	202,203	
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	1	566,565	566,565	566,565	
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	-	<u> </u>	768,768	

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -REGULATORY BASIS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the Stillwater Public Schools Independent District No. I-16 (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting as prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes.

The District is part of the public-school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on state of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public-school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity. The Parent Teacher Association (PTA) is not included in the reporting entity. The District does not appoint any of the board members or exercise any oversight authority over the PTA.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain district functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> - The special revenue funds are the District's building and child nutrition funds.

<u>Building Fund</u> - The building fund consists of monies derived property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for the school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

B. Fund Accounting - contd.

<u>Co-op Fund</u> - The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs. The District did not maintain this fund during the 2020-21 fiscal year.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - The capital projects fund is the District's bond fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities, and acquiring transportation equipment.

Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the District (internal service funds). The District has no proprietary fund types.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. When these assets are held under a trust agreement, either a nonexpendable trust fund or an expendable trust fund is used depending on whether there is an obligation to maintain trust principal. Agency

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

B. Fund Accounting - contd.

funds are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Expendable Trust Funds - Expendable trust funds include the gifts fund, medical insurance fund, workers compensation fund and the insurance recovery fund.

<u>Gifts Fund</u> - The gifts fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

<u>Medical Insurance Fund</u> - The medical insurance fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for all types of self-funded medical insurance coverage.

<u>Workers Compensation Fund</u> - The workers compensation fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for workers compensation claims.

<u>Insurance Recovery Fund</u> - The insurance recovery fund accounts for all types of insurance recoveries, major reimbursements and reserves for property repairs and replacements.

<u>Agency Fund</u> - The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through fundraising efforts of the student and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, in collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

Account Group

Account groups are not funds and consist of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

<u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> - This account group was established to account for all long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgments and lease purchases), which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

B. Fund Accounting - contd.

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the combined financial statements - regulatory basis is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position, results of operations or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Inter-fund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements-Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments*. This format significantly differs from that required by GASB 34.

The basic financial statements are essentially prepared on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education (OSDE) as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies and are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments and inventories are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded when incurred.
- Accrued compensated absences are recorded as an expenditure and liability when the obligation is incurred.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which requires revenues to be recognized when they become

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation – contd.

available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned and liabilities are incurred for proprietary fund types and trust funds.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. A preliminary budget must be submitted to the Board of Education by December 31 for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. If the preliminary budget requires an additional levy, the District must hold an election on the first Tuesday in February to approve the levy. If the preliminary budget does not require an additional levy, it becomes the legal budget. If an election is held and the taxes are approved, then the preliminary budget becomes the legal budget. If voters reject the additional taxes, the District must adopt a budget within the approved tax rate.

The District may upon approval by a majority of the electors of the District voting on the question make the ad valorem levy for emergency levy and local support levy permanent.

Under current Oklahoma Statutes, a formal budget is required for all funds except for trust and agency funds. Budgets are presented for all funds that include the originally approved budgeted appropriations for expenditures and final budgeted appropriations as adjusted for supplemental appropriations and approved transfers between budget categories.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances

<u>Cash</u> - Cash consists of cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and interest-bearing checking accounts.

<u>Investments</u> - Investments consist of direct obligations of the United States Government and agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, bank and trust companies; savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies; and warrants, bonds or judgments of the district. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

<u>Inventories</u> - The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2021 is not material to the combined financial statements-regulatory basis.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances - contd.

Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment - The General Fixed Asset Account Group is not presented.

<u>Warrants Payable</u> - Warrants are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants that have yet to be redeemed by the District's treasurer.

<u>Encumbrances</u> - Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Unmatured Obligations</u> - The unmatured obligations represent the total of all annual accruals for both principal and interest, based on the lengths of the bonds and/or judgments, less all principal and interest payments through the balance sheet date in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Funds Held for School Organizations</u> - Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other co-curricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the district, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> - Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

<u>Fund Balance</u> – Cash fund balance represents the funds not encumbered by purchase order, legal contracts, outstanding warrants and unmatured obligations.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances - contd.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for special purposes versus availability of appropriations. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e., fund balance associated with assets that are not in *spendable form*, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and notes receivable, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

Amounts in the spendable fund balance category are further classified as *restricted*, *committed*, *assigned* or *unassigned*, as appropriate.

- **Restricted** fund balance represents amounts that are constrained either externally by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or by law, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- **Committed** fund balance represents amounts that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment. The School Board is the highest level of decision-making authority of the School District.
- Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are *intended* to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances includes all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds *other than the general fund* that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purpose in accordance with the provisions of the standard.
- Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

F. Revenue and Expenditures

<u>Local Revenues</u> - Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes, which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes are due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owned. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property.

Other local sources of revenues include interest earnings, tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> - Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the district and the state and distributed to districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which were collected within such systems.

<u>State Revenues</u> - Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

F. Revenue and Expenditures- contd.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

The aforementioned state revenues are apportioned to the District's general fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> - Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a pass-through from another government, such as the state.

An entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes.

The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District maintains a separate child nutrition fund and the federal revenues received for the child nutrition programs are apportioned there.

<u>Non-Revenue Receipts</u> - Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> - Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving co-curricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence.

Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.), which assist in the instructional process. The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies- contd.

F. Revenue and Expenditures - contd.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> - Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

<u>Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures</u> - Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures - Consists of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvement to sites.

<u>Other Outlays/Uses Expenditures</u> - A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest) when applicable. Other uses include scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditure for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third-party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> - Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, nonqualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

<u>Inter-fund Transactions</u> - Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditure/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other inter-fund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other inter-fund transfers are reported as operating transfers. There were no operating transfers between funds during the 2020-21 fiscal year.

2. Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk

At June 30, 2021, the District held deposits of approximately \$28,460,580 at financial institutions. The District's cash deposits, including interest-bearing certificates of deposit, are entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or direct obligation of the U.S. government insured or collateralized with securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.

Investment Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Investment Credit Risk

The District has no policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitation of state law as follows:

- a. Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- b. Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposits or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c. With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers' acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- d. County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipations notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- e. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- f. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs (a.-d.).

2. Deposits and Investments - contd.

The investments held at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Туре	Weighted Average Maturity (Months)	Market	Value_	 Cost
Investments Money Market Municipal tax-supported money judgments Certificate of Deposit Total investments	5 6	\$ <u>8,50</u> <u>\$ 8,50</u>	0 0 <u>0,000</u> <u>0,000</u>	0 0 00,000 00,000

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The District has the following of credit risk: 0% in Money Market funds, 0% in Municipal tax-supported money judgments and 100% in CDs (\$8,500,000).

3. General Long-term Debt

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues can be approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue.

General long-term debt of the District consists of bonds payable and three (3) capital leases. Debt service requirements for bonds are payable solely from the fund balance and the future revenues of the debt service fund.

3. General Long-term Debt - contd.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Bonds	Capital	
	Payable	Leases	Totals
Balance, July 1, 2020	\$ 47,540,000	29,352,730	76,892,730
Additions	13,000,000		13,000,000
Retirements	12,360,000	785,491	13,145,491
Balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 48,180,000	28,567,239	76,747,239

A brief description of the outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2021 is set forth below:

	<u>0</u>	Amount outstanding
<u>General Obligation Bonds</u> Comb. Purpose Bonds, Series 2021, original issue \$13,000,000, interest rate of 1.25%, due in annual payments of \$3,250,000 beginning 6-1-23, final payment due 6-1-26;	\$	13,000,000
Comb. Purpose Bonds, Series 2020, original issue \$8,000,000, interest rate of 1.00-2.00%, due in annual payments of \$1,140,000 beginning 6-1-22, final payment due 6-1-28;		8,000,000
Comb. Purpose Bonds, Series 2019A, original issue \$9,000,000, interest rate of 2.00-2.50%, due in annual payments of \$2,250,000 beginning 6-1-21, final payment due 6-1-24;		6,750,000
Comb. Purpose Bonds, Series 2019B, original issue \$2,635,000, interest rate of 3.00%, due in annual payments of \$655,000 beginning 6-1-21, final payment due 6-1-24;		1,980,000
Comb. Purpose Bonds, Series 2018, original issue \$12,000,000, interest rate of 2.5-3.00%, due in annual payments of \$2,000,000 beginning 6-1-20, final payment due 6-1-25;	\$	8,000,000

3. General Long-term Debt – contd.

General Obligation Bonds		Amount outstanding
Building Bonds, Series 2017A, original issue \$15,000,000, interest rate of 2.00%, due in annual payments of \$3,000,000 beginning 6-1-19, final payment due 6-1-23;	\$	6,000,000
Building Bonds, Series 2017B, original issue \$8,000,000, interest rate of 2.00%, due in annual payments of \$1,600,000 beginning 6-1-19, final payment due 6-1-23;		3,200,000
Building Bonds, Series 2015, original issue \$2,800,000, interest rate of 1.5-2.00%, due in annual payments of \$310,000 beginning 5-1-17, final payment due 5-1-25;		1,250,000
<u>Capital Leases</u> Lease agreement for construction of Westwood Elementary, dated 6-1-17,totaling \$25,450,000, interest rate of 2.20%, due in various principal and interest payments beginning 1-1-20, with a final payment on 7-1-23;		24,865,000
Lease agreement for Kicker property, dated 12-31-13 totaling \$2,460,000, variable rate of 3.8%, due in various principal and interest payments beginning 6-1-14, with a final payment on 12-1-25;		1,030,000
Lease agreement for Cimarron Plaza property, dated 6-5-12 totaling \$4,085,000, interest rate of 4.375%, due in monthly principal and interest payments of \$25,569 beginning 7-1-12 with a final payment on 6-1-32;		2,672,239
	A	
Totals	\$.	76,747,239

3. General Long-term Debt - contd.

The annual debt service requirements for the retirement of bond principal, and payment of interest are as follows:

Year ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$10,955,000	906,440	11,861,440
2023	14,205,000	682,190	14,887,190
2024	9,620,000	411,378	10,031,378
2025	6,710,000	220,865	6,930,865
2026	4,390,000	105,362	4,495,362
2027-2031	2,300,000	69,200	2,369,200
Total	\$48,180,000	2,395,435	50,575,435

There was \$1,037,578 in interest paid on long-term debt incurred during the current year.

The annual debt	service requ	irements for	r capital	lease principal,	and interest	are as follows:
Vear ending						

rear ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 11,923,771	155,821	12,079,592
2023	817,421	137,547	954,968
2024	13,401,457	118,667	13,520,124
2025	455,896	99,166	555,062
2026	355,756	78,805	434,561
2027-2031	1,317,796	216,338	1,534,134
2032-2036	295,142	11,685	306,827
Total	\$ 28,567,239	818,029	29,385,268

4. Employee Retirement System

Plan Description

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement Plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the board of trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information

Employee Retirement System – contd.

for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, P.O. Box 53524, Oklahoma City, OK 73152 or by calling (405) 521-2387.

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

GASB Statement 68 became effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014, and significantly changes pension accounting and financial reporting for governmental employees who participate in a pension plan, such as the System, and who prepare published financial statements on an accrual basis using Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Since the District does not prepare and present their financial statements on an accrual basis, the net pension liability amount is not required to be presented on the financial statements.

Funding Policy

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Beginning, July 1, 2010, the District and State were required to contribute 14.5% of applicable compensation. Contributions received by the System are from a percentage of its revenues from sales taxes, use taxes, corporate income taxes and individual income taxes. The District contributed 9.5% beginning January 1, 2010 and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining 5.0% during the year. The District is allowed by the Oklahoma Teacher's Retirement System to make the required to match the retirement paid on salaries that are funded with federal funds.

4. Employee Retirement System – contd.

Annual Pension Cost

The District's portion of the total contributions for 2021, 2020 and 2019 were \$2,724,021, \$2,752,854, and \$2,510,416 respectively.

5. Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

6. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District continues to carry commercial insurance for these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials' liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

7. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the audit report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued and have determined that no additional information needs to be added to the financial statements.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – REGULATORY BASIS - COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, PAYNE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS	BUILDING FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTALS (MEMO ONLY)
Cash Investments	\$ 2,040,598	773,324	2,813,922
Total assets	2,040,598	773,324	2,813,922
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Warrants payable	69,569	45,877	115,446
Encumbrances	209,766	109,493	319,259
Total liabilities Fund balances	279,335	155,370	434,705
Restricted	1,761,263	617,954	2,379,217
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,040,598	773,324	2,813,922

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, PAYNE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	BUILDING FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTALS (MEMO ONLY)
Revenues			
Local sources	\$ 2,550,697	151,895	2,702,592
State sources	212,411	334,354	546,765
Federal sources		1,551,411	1,551,411
Non-revenue receipts		925	925
Total revenues	2,763,108	2,038,585	4,801,693
Expenditures			
Instruction	7,392		7,392
Support services	2,439,974		2,439,974
Operation of non-instructional services		2,117,014	2,117,014
Facilities, acquisition and const. services	269,830		269,830
Other outlays	81,061	925	81,986
Total expenditures	2,798,257	2,117,939	4,916,196
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(35,149)	(79,354)	(114,503)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Lapsed appropriations	243,168		243,168
Estopped warrants		24	24
Total other financing sources (uses)	243,168	24	243,192
Revenue and other sources over (under)			
expenditures and other uses	208,019	(79,330)	128,689
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	1,553,244	697,284	2,250,528
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,761,263	617,954	2,379,217

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, PAYNE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -- REGULATORY BASIS - ALL BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	BUILDING FUND			CHILD NUTRITION FUND			
Devenues	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	
Revenues							
Local sources	\$ 2,173,965	2,173,965	2,550,697	586,553	586,553	151,895	
State sources			212,411	322,901	322,901	334,354	
Federal sources				1,868,919	1,868,919	1,551,411	
Non-revenue receipts						925	
Total revenues	2,173,965	2,173,965	2,763,108	2,778,373	2,778,373	2,038,585	
Expenditures							
Instruction			7,392				
Support services	3,376,318	3,376,318	2,439,974				
Operation of non-instructional services				2,007,521	2,007,521	2,117,014	
Facilities, acquisition and const. services	269,830	269,830	269,830				
Other outlays	81,061	81,061	81,061	925	925	925	
Non-categorical		1	A. (1977) 1997 (1997) 1997	1,467,211	1,467,211		
Total expenditures	3,727,209	3,727,209	2,798,257	3,475,657	3,475,657	2,117,939	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,553,244)	(1,553,244)	(35,149)	(697,284)	(697,284)	(79,354)	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Lapsed appropriations			243,168				
Estopped warrants			2010-07-08-00-000-09-07			24	
Total other financing sources (uses)			243,168			24	
Revenue and other sources over (under)							
expenditures and other uses	(1,553,244)	(1,553,244)	208,019	(697,284)	(697,284)	(79,330)	
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	1,553,244	1,553,244	1,553,244	697,284	697,284	697,284	
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$		1,761,263	<u> </u>		617,954	

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, PAYNE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	31 BOND FUND	39 BOND FUND	TOTALS (MEMO ONLY)
Revenues			
Local sources	\$ 195,813	8,600	204,413
Expenditures			
Instruction	550,654		550,654
Support services	3,186,425		3,186,425
Facilities, acquisition and const. services	15,222,418		15,222,418
Total expenditures	18,959,497		18,959,497
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(18,763,684)	8,600	(18,755,084)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Lapsed appropriations	962,850	150	963,000
Estopped warrants	49		49
Bond sales proceeds	12,875,475	2	12,875,475
Total other financing sources (uses)	13,838,374	150	13,838,524
Revenue and other sources over (under)			
expenditures and other uses	(4,925,310)	8,750	(4,916,560)
Cash fund balance, beginning of year	10,760,023	(8,750)	10,751,273
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$ 5,834,713	-	5,834,713

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, PAYNE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES REGULATORY BASIS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Balance 1y 1, 2020	Additions	Net <u>Transfers</u>	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2021
Assets					
Cash	\$ 967,920	892,978		1,038,171	822,727
Liabilities					
Funds held for student organizations					
Board of Education	\$ 7,806	45,833	(2,807)	31,743	19,089
Curriculum	231,402	202,424	(91,999)	242,261	99,566
Highland Elementary School	20,304	15,073	17,497	22,082	30,792
Lincoln Alternative Academy	2,604	1,049	=.)	1,015	2,638
Richmond Elementary School	21,035	2,960	11,599	17,977	17,617
Skyline Elementary School	17,206	4,918	16,101	16,577	21,648
Stillwater High School	477,429	537,133	2,953	558,707	458,808
Stillwater Junior High School	52,183	46,528	- 10 III - 10 IIII - 10 III - 10 IIII - 10 III -	49,308	49,403
Stillwater Middle School	38,774	8,740		18,122	29,392
Sangre Ridge Elementary School	18,149	12,419	18,387	24,680	24,275
Transportation	1,347	1,606		1,399	1,554
Will Rogers Elementary School	46,873	9,521	9,172	28,558	37,008
Westwood Elementary School	32,808	4,774	19,097	25,742	30,937
-		······			
Total Liabilities	\$ 967,920	892,978		1,038,171	822,727

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, PAYNE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass Through <u>Grantor/Program Title</u>	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-through Grantor's Project <u>Number</u>	Program or Award <u>Amount</u>	Beginning Balance <u>7/1/2020</u>	Revenue <u>Collected</u>	Total Expenditures	Ending Balance 6/30/2021
U.S. Department of Education							
Direct Programs:							
Title VI-Part A, Indian Education	84.060	561	\$ 148,328		148,328	148,328	
Subtotal - Direct Programs			148,328	-	148,328	148,328	-
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
* Title I Cluster:							
Title I-Part A, Improving Basic Programs	84.010	511	1,045,841		938,507	090 444	(50.024)
Title I-Part A, Improving Basic Programs 2019-20	84.010	799	1,045,641	(24,016)	24,016	989,441	(50,934)
Title I-Neglected	84.010	518	19,067	(24,010)	10,389	11,543	(1,154)
Subtotal - Title I-Part A Programs (Cluster)	04.010	510		(24.046)			
Title II-Part A, Teacher & Principal Training	84.367	541	1,064,908 305,685	(24,016)	972,912 186,296	1,000,984 260,917	(52,088) (74,621)
Title II-Part A 2019-20	84.367	799	305,665	(8,976)	8,976	200,917	(74,021)
Title III Program:	04.007	155		(0,970)	0,970		
Title III-Immigrant Education	84.365	571	17,865		17,865	17,865	
Title III-English Lang, Acq.	84.365	572	33,137		27,718	28,331	(613)
Title III-English Lang. Acq. 2019-20	84.365	799	00,107	(8,898)	8,898	20,001	(010)
Subtotal - Title III Programs	01.000	100	51,002	(8,898)	54,481	46,196	(613)
Title IV-SSAE Grant	84.424A	552	129,135	(0,000)	56,747	65,268	(8,521)
Title IV-SSAE Grant 2019-20	84.424A	799		(608)	608		(-1)
Title V-Part B RLIS	84.358B	587	234,229	()	115,465	120,647	(5,182)
Title IX-Part A, Homeless	84,196	596	76,015		53,529	54,175	(646)
 * CARES Act Funding: 							(0.0)
CARES Act ESSERF	84.425D	788	739,807		715,214	733,189	(17,975)
CARES Act ESSERF 2019-20	84.425D	799		(123,300)	123,300	<i>.</i>	
CARES Act ESSER II	84.425D	793	3,330,680	10000 A.C	1,272,210	1,425,703	(153,493)
CARES Act Incentive	84.425D	794	138,136		138,136	138,136	(/
CARES Act Funding Programs			4,208,623	(123,300)	2,248,860	2,297,028	(171,468)
Special Education Cluster:							
IDEA-B Prof Dev-SDE	84.027	613	2,860		2,585	2,585	
IDEA-B Prof Dev-SDE 2019-20	84.027	799		(785)	785		
IDEA-B Prof Dev-District	84.027	615	14,096	ALC: (5.4)	3,032	3,302	(270)
IDEA-B Prof Dev-District 2019-20	84.027	799		(2,641)	2,641		
IDEA-B COVID Assist	84.027	617	56,384		46,622	56,208	(9,586)
IDEA-B Flowthrough	84.027	621	1,255,637		1,088,693	1,124,869	(36,176)
IDEA-B Flowthrough 2019-20	84.027	799		(16,472)	16,472		
IDEA-B Private Schools	84.027	625	135		135	135	
IDEA-B Private Schools 2019-20	84.027	799		(7,938)	7,938		
IDEA-B Preschool	84.173	641	29,232	8	28,403	28,403	
Subtotal - Special Education Program (Cluster)			1,358,344	(27,836)	1,197,306	1,215,502	(46,032)
Subtotal - Passed Through State Dept of Education			\$ 7,427,941	(193,634)	4,895,180	5,060,717	(359,171)

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, PAYNE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Pass-through					
	Federal	Grantor's	Program	Beginning			Ending
Federal Grantor/Pass Through	CFDA	Project	or Award	Balance	Revenue	Total	Balance
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Amount	7/1/2020	Collected	Expenditures	6/30/2021
U.S. Department of Agriculture:							
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
Equipment Assistance Grant	10.579	791	\$ -			23,147	(23,147)
Child Nutrition Cluster:							
Cash Assistance:							
National School Lunch Program	10.555	763			3,454	3,454	
Summer Food Program	10.559	766			1,547,957	1,129,386	418,571
Cash Assistance Subtotal					1,551,411	1,132,840	418,571
Passed Through State Department of Human Services:							
Non-cash Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	N/A			144,646	144,646	
Subtotal - Child Nutrition Program (Cluster)					1,696,057	1,277,486	418,571
Subtotal - USDA Passed Through State Dept. of Education					1,696,057	1,300,633	395,424
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 7,576,269	(193,634)	6,739,565	6,509,678	36,253

* Major federal programs

Note 1 - Commodities received by the District in the amount of \$144,646 were of a non-monetary nature and therefore the total revenue does not agree with the financial statements by this amount. These commodities are reported at fair market value.

Note 2 - There were no amounts passed to subrecipients.

Note 3 - Grantor provides adequate insurance coverage against loss on assets purchased with Federal Awards.

Note 4 - The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Expenditures are reported on the regulatory basis of accounting consistent with the preparation of the combined financial statements. These expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance. The District has also elected to not use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, PAYNE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF SURETY BONDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

BONDING COMPANY	POSITION <u>COVERED</u>	BOND <u>NUMBER</u>	1000000	VERAGE <u>MOUNT</u>	EFFECTIVE DATES
Western Surety Company	Superintendent	62792142	\$	100,000	7/1/20-6/30/21
	Treasurer	64725720	\$	100,000	7/1/20-6/30/21
Old Republic Surety	Encumbrance Clerk	POB1051244	\$	5,000	10/3/20-10/3/21
	Activity Fund Custodians	POB1051244	\$	5,000	10/3/20-10/3/21
	Minutes Clerk	LPO913141	\$	5,000	10/1/20-10/1/21



JENKINS & KEMPER Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Stillwater School District No. I-16 Stillwater, Oklahoma 74074

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis as listed in the Table of Contents, of Stillwater School District No. I-16, Stillwater, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2021. This report was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting Standards Board. However, our report was qualified for the omission of the general fixed asset account group with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jenkons & Kunper, CPAS P.C.

Jenkins & Kemper Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

December 17, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Board of Education Stillwater School District No. I-16 Stillwater, Oklahoma 74074

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Stillwater School District No. I-16, Stillwater, Oklahoma's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (The Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Stillwater School District No. I-16, Stillwater, Oklahoma complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

The management of the Stillwater School District No. I-16, Stillwater, Oklahoma is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine our auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control* over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control other compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jenkins & Kumper, LPAS P.C.

Jenkins & Kemper Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

December 17, 2021

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, PAYNE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JULY 1, 2020 TO JUNE 30, 2021

Summary of Auditor's Results

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an adverse opinion on the combined financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and a qualified opinion for the omission of the general fixed asset account group on the combined financial statements in conformity with a regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education.
- 2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the District were reported during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported in the "Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance"
- 5. An unqualified opinion report was issued on the compliance of major federal award programs.
- 6. The audit disclosed no audit findings and questioned costs, which are required to be reported under OMB Uniform Guidance.
- 7. Identification of Major Programs: Title I (84.010) and Elementary and Secondary Schools Emergency Relief Funds (84.425D) programs.
- 8. The dollar threshold used to determine between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The District did not qualify to be a low-risk auditee.

Findings – Financial Statement Audit

None

Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs Audit

None

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, PAYNE COUNTY DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JULY 1, 2020 TO JUNE 30, 2021

20-01 - Payments Issued from Previous Fiscal Year

During the 2019-20 fiscal year, the District issued payments from prior year funds without approved reserves available from which to issue. This discrepancy appeared to have been resolved and did not occur during the 2020-21 fiscal year.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. I-16, PAYNE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT JULY 1, 2020 TO JUNE 30, 2021

State of Oklahoma) County of Payne)

The undersigned auditing firm representative of lawful age, being first duly sworn on oath, says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Stillwater School District for the audit year 2020-21.

Jenkins & Kemper, CPAs, P.C. AUDITING FIRM BY Matia AUTHORIZED AGENT

Subscribed and sworn to before me on this 17th day of, <u>December</u>, 2021

NOTARY PUBLIC

